



**Question 2 (25 marks)**

- (a) Write short note on each of the following minerals present in clay: kaolinite, montmorillonite and illite minerals. (17 marks)
- (b) Write short note on clay water systems. (8 marks)

**Question 3 (25 marks)**

- (a) Two fundamental building blocks are involved in the formation of clay mineral structures. They are tetrahedra and octahedral units. Describe the mentioned units. (15 marks)
- (b) Explain the concept of unconfined compression test on saturated clay. (10 marks)

**Question 4 (25 marks)**

- (a) The time required for 50% consolidation of a 25mm thick clay layer (drained at both top and bottom) in the laboratory was 2 minutes 20 seconds. How long (in days) will it take for a 3m thick clay layer of the same clay in the field under the same pressure increment to reach 50% consolidation? In the field there is a rock layer at the bottom of the clay. (10 marks)
- (b) Explain the operation of vane shear apparatus. (15 marks)

**Question 5 (25 marks)**

- (a) A 3m thick layer (double drainage) of saturated clay under a surcharge loading under went 90% primary consolidation in 75 days. Find the coefficient of consolidation of clay for the pressure range. Assume  $T_{90} = 0.848$  (10 marks)
- (b) Write short note on each of the following methods of analyzing slope stability:  
 (i) Morgenstern-Price, (ii) Bell and (iii) Sarma methods. (15 marks)

**Question 6 (25 marks)**

- (a) Using diagram, describe the means of accelerating consolidation of clay with the use of sand drains and surcharge. (15 marks).
- (b) Explain with diagrams the following types of slope failures: planar and wedge failures. (10 marks)